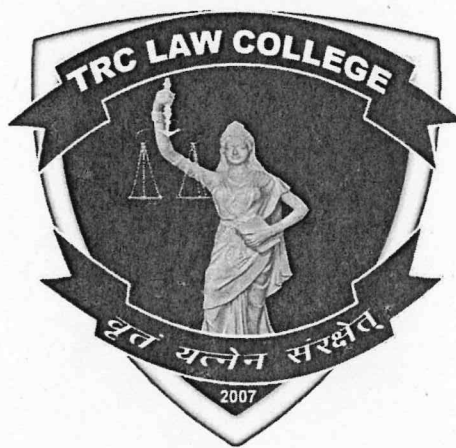


TRC LAW COLLEGE

(An Autonomous College)

Affiliated to Dr. Rammanohar Lohia Avadh University, Ayodhya
(Approved by Bar Council of India, New Delhi)

Accredited B+ by NAAC



SYLLABUS

Master of Laws (LL.M.)

One Year (Two Semesters) Program

(w.e.f. 2026-27)

Schedule-A

First Semester

Compulsory Paper:

Paper-1: Legal Education and Research Methodology (LMO-CP-101)

Paper-2: Legal Philosophy (LMO-CP-102)

Optional Group 1

Constitutional Law

Paper-1: Comparative Constitutional Law (LMO-EL-103)

Paper-2: National Security, Public order and Rule of Law (LMO-EL-104)

Paper-3: Federalism and Good Governance (LMO-EL-105)

Optional Group 2

Criminal Law

Paper-1: General Principles of Criminal Law (LMO-EL-106)

Paper-2: Criminal Justice Administration (LMO-EL-107)

Paper-3: Criminology, Penology & Victimology (LMO-EL-108)

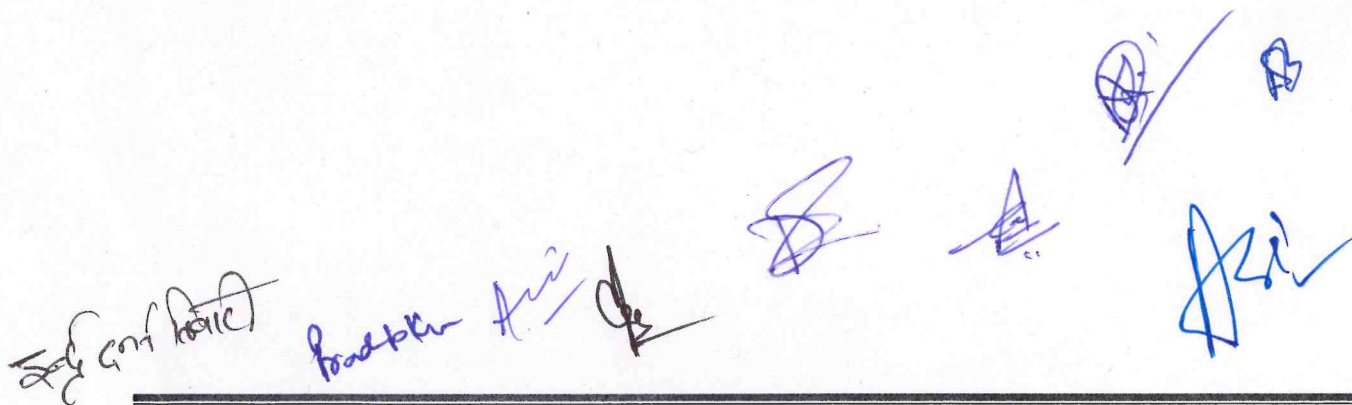
Second Semester

Paper-1: Socio-Economic Offences and Regulatory Enforcement (LMO-CP-201)

Paper-2: Administrative Law (LMO-CP-202)

Paper-3: Dissertation (LMO-CP-203)

Paper-4: Viva-Voce (LMO-CP-204)

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TRC LAW COLLEGE

SYLLABUS

First Semester

Course Title: Legal Education & Research Methodology

Paper Code: LMO-CP-101

Course objectives:

1. To provide a comprehensive understanding of the evolution, objectives, and significance of legal education in contemporary society.
2. To develop a strong foundation in different approaches to legal research, including doctrinal, non-doctrinal, and socio-legal methods.
3. To equip students with skills for research design, problem formulation, and the use of appropriate research tools and techniques.
4. To familiarize students with legislative and judicial sources of law and their effective use in legal research.
5. To enhance proficiency in legal writing, report writing, and citation methodologies.

Course Outline:

- **Foundations of Legal Education and Research:** History, Importance and Objectives of Legal Education, Nature and Scope of Legal Research, Significance of Legal Research in Policy Making and Law Reform.
- **Evolution and Approaches to Legal Research:** From Traditional Methods to AI-Driven Techniques, Socio-Legal Research.
- **Types and Methods of Legal Research:** Doctrinal and Non-Doctrinal Research, Relevance of Empirical Research.
- **Research Design and Problem Formulation:** Concept and Types of Research Design, Formulation of Research Problem.
- **Sources of Legal Research:** Legislative Research Material, Decisional Research Material.
- **Tools and Techniques of Data Collection:** Use of Questionnaire, Interview and Case Study.
- **Data Processing and Sampling Techniques:** Classification, Analysis and Tabulation of Data, Sampling Procedure, Design of Sample.
- **Research Writing, Ethics and Theory Building:** Report Writing, Legal Writing and Citation Methodology, Research Values and Publication Ethics, Plagiarism, The Art of Theories Writing.

Recommended Books:

1. Kothari C.R: Methods and Techniques, Publisher: New Age International
2. M. P. Jain: Outlines of Indian Legal History, Publisher: LexisNexis / Universal Law Publishing
3. S. P. Gupta: Statistical Methods, Publisher: Sultan Chand & Sons
4. Ranjit Kumar: Research Methodology, Publisher: SAGE Publications
5. S. K. Verma, M. Afzal Wani: Legal Research Methodology, Publisher: Indian Law Institute
6. Law Commission of India: Law Commission of India Report XIV, Publisher: Government of India

7. S. R. Myneni: Legal Education and Research Methodology, Publisher: Allahabad Law Agency
8. John W. Creswell: Research Design, Publisher: SAGE Publications
9. B. S. Nagi, A. M. Khan: Research Skill Development in Social Sciences, Publisher: Rawat Publications / Concept Publishing
10. M. O. Price, H. Bitner, Bysiewicz: Effective Legal Research, Publisher: Little, Brown & Company

Note: - Students must prefer latest edition of above mentioned books. The above list of books is not an exhaustive one.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After completing this course, the students will be able to:

1. Formulate research problems and design effective research proposals using suitable tools and techniques.
2. Collect, classify, analyze, and interpret legal data using scientific methods.
3. Effectively use legislative and case law materials in legal research and analysis
4. Produce well-structured research reports with proper legal writing and citation standards.
5. Apply ethical principles in research, including maintaining academic integrity and avoiding plagiarism.
6. Evaluate the role of legal research in policy-making and law reform. Adapt to emerging trends, including digital and AI-assisted legal research methodologies.

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SYLLABUS

First Semester

Course Title: Legal Philosophy

Paper Code: LMO-CP-102

Course objectives:

1. To develop a deep understanding of the nature, scope, and significance of jurisprudence and its relationship with law.
2. To critically examine classical and modern schools of legal thought, including Natural Law, Analytical Positivism, and Philosophical theories.
3. To analyze sociological, realist, and historical approaches to law and their impact on legal development.
4. To explore contemporary jurisprudential debates, including Marxist and feminist perspectives on law.
5. To evaluate the relationship between law and morality, with special reference to leading juristic debates.

Course Outline:

- **Jurisprudence:** Nature, Scope and Importance of Jurisprudence; Inter-Relationship between Law and Jurisprudence.
- **Natural Law and Philosophical School:** History and Development of Natural Law (Ancient, Medieval, Decline and Revival); Philosophical School.
- **Analytical, Sociological and Economic Schools:** Analytical Positivism and its Emergence; Sociological School; Social Engineering, Economic School of Jurisprudence.
- **Historical and Realist Schools:** Historical School, American and Scandinavian Realism.
- **Modern Theories of Law:** Pure theory of Law, Marxist School; Feminist Jurisprudence.
- **Law, Morality and Sources of Law:** Hart-Fuller Debate; Sources of Law.
- **Indian and Global Perspectives of Justice:** Global Justice; Dharma (Indian Approach); Constitution and Sarvodaya Model of Justice.
- **Contemporary Jurisprudential Developments:** Democratic Accountability (Indian Experience); Demosprudence and Indian Judicial System.

Recommended Books:

1. John William Salmond: Salmond's Jurisprudence, Publisher: Universal Law Publishing
2. H. L. A. Hart: The Concept of Law, Publisher: Oxford University Press
3. Roscoe Pound: Interpretations of Legal History, Publisher: Harvard University Press
4. Upendra Baxi: The Crisis of the Indian Legal System, Publisher: Vikas Publishing House
5. John Finnis: Natural Law and Natural Rights, Publisher: Oxford University Press
6. W. Friedmann: Legal Theory, Publisher: Stevens & Sons / Universal Law Publishing
7. V. D. Mahajan: Jurisprudence and Legal Theory, Publisher: Eastern Book Company
8. S. N. Dhyani: Jurisprudence, Publisher: Central Law Agency
9. Marc Galanter: Law and Society in Modern India, Publisher: Oxford University Press

Note: - Students must prefer latest edition of above mentioned books. The above list of books is not an exhaustive one.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After completing this course, the students will be able to:

1. Demonstrate advanced knowledge of jurisprudential concepts, theories, and schools of thought.
2. Critically analyze and compare different legal philosophies and their relevance in contemporary legal systems.
3. Evaluate the contributions of major jurists such as Hegel, Kant, Roscoe Pound, Kelsen, Savigny, and others.
4. Apply jurisprudential theories to understand and interpret legal issues and judicial decisions.
5. Analyze the relationship between law, society, morality, and justice in both theoretical and practical contexts.
6. Examine the role of alternative perspectives such as Marxist and feminist jurisprudence in shaping modern legal discourse. Assess the importance of sources of law and their application in legal reasoning.

TRC LAW COLLEGE

SYLLABUS

Optional Group 1: Constitutional Law

Paper 1: Comparative Constitutional Law

Paper Code: LMO-EL-103

Course objectives:

1. To develop a comparative understanding of constitutional systems and constitutionalism across jurisdictions.
2. To analyze core constitutional principles such as rule of law, separation of powers, and checks and balances.
3. To examine the structure, powers, and functions of different organs of government in a comparative framework.
4. To evaluate judicial accountability and the role of courts in ensuring good governance.
5. To critically assess federal structures, amendment procedures, and the doctrine of basic structure.

Course Outline:

- **Concept of Constitution and Constitutionalism:** Essential Features, Comparative Constitutional Law, Relevance of Study.
- **Core Constitutional Principles:** Doctrine of Check and Balance.
- **Constitutional Foundation of Powers:** Legislative Powers, Executive Powers, Judicial Powers.
- **Judiciary:** Appointment, Accountability and Judicial Review.
- **Governance and Role of State:** The State and Governance, Concept of Good Governance, Role of Courts in Ensuring Good Governance.
- **State and Individual:** State and Civil Liberties, Doctrine of State Action; Origin & Concept.
- **Forms of Government and Federalism:** Features, Advantages and Disadvantages, Models of Federalism.
- **Constitutional Amendment and Emerging Federal Trends:** Limitations on Amending Power. Theory of Basic Structure. New Trends in Federalism; Political Factors Influencing Federalism & Central Control vs. State Autonomy.

Recommended Books:

1. D.D. Basu: Comparative constitutional law, Publisher: LexisNexis
2. S.R. Myneni: Comparative constitutional law, Publisher: New Era Law Publication/Allahabad Law Agency
3. Nuzhat Parveen Khan: Comparative constitutional law, Publisher: Satyam Law International
4. Advanced Introduction to Comparative Constitutional Law, Publisher: Edward Elgar Publishing
5. Vishnu Bhagwan, Vidya Bhushan, Vandana Mohla: World Constitutions: A Comparative Study, Publication: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
6. Michel Rosenfeld & András Sajó: The Oxford Handbook of Comparative Constitutional Law, Publication: Oxford University Press

7. M. P. Jain: Indian Constitutional Law Publication: LexisNexis Butterworths / LexisNexis India
8. S. Choudhry, M. Khosla & P. B. Mehta: The Oxford Handbook of Indian Constitution Publication: Oxford University Press

Note: - Students must prefer latest edition of above mentioned books. The above list of books is not an exhaustive one.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After completing this course, the students will be able to:

1. Demonstrate comparative knowledge of constitutional frameworks and governance models.
2. Analyze constitutional principles across different legal systems.
3. Critically evaluate the functioning of legislative, executive, and judicial institutions.
4. Assess judicial accountability and the role of courts in protecting civil liberties.
5. Examine federalism, constitutional amendments, and the doctrine of basic structure.
6. Apply comparative perspectives to contemporary constitutional issues. Interpret the scope and application of judicial review and state action doctrines.

TRC LAW COLLEGE

SYLLABUS

First Semester

Optional Group 1: Constitutional Law

Paper 2: National Security, Public order and Rule of Law

Paper Code: LMO-EL-104

Course objectives:

1. To examine the relationship between national security, public order, and the rule of law.
2. To analyze preventive detention laws and emergency provisions in India and comparative jurisdictions.
3. To evaluate the impact of emergency powers on civil liberties and fundamental rights.
4. To study special legislations such as COFEPOSA, TADA, and UAPA in controlling threats to national security.
5. To critically assess judicial responses to emergency and security-related laws.

Course Outline:

- **National Security and Public Order:** Introduction to National Security, Public Order and Rule of Law.
- **Preventive Detention and Civil Liberties:** Emergency Detention and Civil Liberties Subjective Satisfaction vs. Objective Assessment, Legality and Protection against Preventive Detention.
- **Emergency and Civil Liberties:** Civil Liberties and Emergency, Security of State and Public Order, Suspension of Fundamental Rights during Emergency, Non-Suspendability of Rights.
- **Emergency, Judiciary and Access to Justice:** Access to Courts during Emergency, Judicial Review during Emergency.
- **Emergency in India:** Pre-Independence Laws vs. Post-Independence Laws, Declaration of Emergency, Emergencies of 1962, 1971, and 1975.
- **Special Laws Relating to National Security:** Legislations to Curb Economic Offences, TADA-The Draconian Law and Comments of NHRC, Special Courts, UAPA-Whether Successful in Achieving its Objectives.
- **Due Process and Special Legislation:** Meaning, origin and evolution of due process; distinction between procedural due process and substantive due process; transformation in the Indian context through judicial interpretation.
- **Critical Evaluation of National Security Laws:** Balancing National Security and Civil Liberties, Effectiveness and Challenges of Preventive and Special Laws.

Recommended Books:

1. S.R. Myneni: National Security, Public Order and Rules of Law, Publication: Asia Law House / Allahabad Law Agency
2. H.M. Seervai: Constitutional Law of India, Publication: Universal Law Publishing/ LexisNexis India

3. G.O. Koppel: The Emergency, The Courts and Indian Democracy, Publication: Eastern Book Company / Oxford University Press
4. N.C. Chatterjee & Parameshwar Rao: Emergency and the Law, Publication: Eastern Law House
5. M. P. Jain: Indian Constitutional Law, Publication: LexisNexis Butterworths / LexisNexis India
6. D.D. Basu: Shorter Constitution of India, Publication: LexisNexis / Prentice-Hall of India
7. Justice P.S. Narayana: Law Relating to Protection of Human Rights under the Indian Constitution and Allied Laws, Publication: Asia Law House / Universal Law Publishing
8. Robert Ward & David Blundell: National Security Law, Procedure and Practice, Publication: Oxford University Press
9. Harish Narasappa: Rule of Law in India: A Quest for Reason, Publication: Oxford University Press

Note: - Students must prefer latest edition of above mentioned books. The above list of books is not an exhaustive one.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After completing this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the legal framework governing national security and public order.
2. Critically analyze preventive detention and emergency laws.
3. Evaluate the balance between state security and individual liberties.
4. Assess the constitutional validity and implications of special security legislations.
5. Examine judicial trends in safeguarding fundamental rights during emergencies.
6. Interpret constitutional provisions relating to emergency and access to justice and develop a critical perspective on misuse of power and legal safeguards.

TRC LAW COLLEGE

SYLLABUS

First Semester

Optional Group 1: Constitutional Law

Paper 3: Federalism and Good Governance

Paper Code: LMO-EL-105

Course objectives:

1. To analyze the concept, evolution, and essential features of federalism in India.
2. To examine the distribution of legislative, executive, and financial powers between Union and States.
3. To evaluate the role of judiciary in maintaining federal balance and resolving disputes.
4. To understand the impact of emergency provisions on federal structure.
5. To study cooperative and competitive federalism in contemporary governance.

Course Outline:

- **Concept and Evolution of Federalism:** Essential Features of Federal Government; Historical Background of Indian Federal Structure; Changing Trends from Competitive to Cooperative Federalism; Contemporary Dynamics.
- **Distribution of Powers:** Legislative, Executive and Financial Relations between Union and States; Tax-Sharing Mechanisms; Centre's Directives to States.
- **Centralization and Its Justifications:** Factors Responsible for According Paramountcy to the Centre; Inter-Governmental Delegation of Powers.
- **Emergency and Federal Structure:** Emergency Provisions and their Impact on Federalism; Judicial Approach.
- **Judicial Role in Federal Harmony:** Judicial Review as a Federal Umpire.
- **Inter-Governmental Coordination:** Agencies and Mechanisms of Cooperation and Coordination.
- **State Governance and Constitutional Machinery:** Responsible Government in States; Failure of Constitutional Machinery and Constitutional Responses.
- **Federalism and Constitutional Democracy:** Interrelationship and Contemporary Relevance.
- **Federalism and Good Governance:** Concept of Good Governance in a Federal Setup; Role of States in Ensuring Accountable and Responsible Governance; Federalism as a tool for Decentralization and Democratic Participation; Federal Structure and Constitutional Democracy: Contemporary Relevance.

Recommended Books:

1. M.P. Singh: Federalism in India, Publication: SAGE Publications
2. Harihar Bhattacharyya: Indian Federalism – Structure, Process and Agency, Publication: Routledge
3. Rekha Saxena (Ed.): New Dimensions in Federal Discourse in India, Publication: Routledge
4. Louise Tillin: Indian Federalism, Publication: Oxford University Press

5. (Author varies): Federalism in India – Towards a Fresh Balance of Power, Publication: Rawat Books
6. Y.V. Reddy: Indian Fiscal Federalism, Publication: Oxford University Press
7. Rekha Saxena (Ed.): Varieties of Federal Governance – Major Contemporary Models, Publication: Cambridge University Press / Routledge
8. M. Govinda Rao & Nirvikar Singh: Political Economy of Federalism in India, Publication: Oxford University Press
9. Louise Tillin: Indian Federalism, Publication: Oxford University Press
10. Robert P. Inman & Daniel L. Rubinfeld: Democratic Federalism – The Economics, Politics, and Law of Federal Governance, Publication: Princeton University Press

Note: - Students must prefer latest edition of above mentioned books. The above list of books is not an exhaustive one.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After completing this course, the students will be able to:

1. Demonstrate in-depth knowledge of Indian federal structure and its dynamics.
2. Analyze the distribution of powers and centre-state relations.
3. Evaluate the role of judiciary in maintaining federal equilibrium.
4. Assess financial relations and resource-sharing mechanisms.
5. Examine trends in co-operative and competitive federalism. Critically analyze issues of governance, accountability, and constitutional breakdown.
6. Interpret the role of constitutional institutions in promoting good governance.

TRC LAW COLLEGE

SYLLABUS

First Semester

Optional Group 2: Criminal Law

Paper 1: General Principles of Criminal Law

Paper Code: LMO-EL-106

Course objectives:

1. To develop a comprehensive understanding of the fundamental principles of criminal law.
2. To examine the evolution and development of criminal jurisprudence in India.
3. To analyze the concept of crime, criminal liability, and elements of offences.
4. To study various theories of liability, including strict and absolute liability.
5. To evaluate constitutional protections in criminal law such as presumption of innocence and fair trial.

Course Outline:

- **Evolution of Criminal Law:** Criminal Jurisprudence in Primitive and Ancient Ages; Development of Criminal Law in India.
- **Concept of Crime:** Nature and Definition of Crime; Tests of Criminality, Traditional and Modern Approaches.
- **Elements and Stages of Crime:** Principal and Accessories.
- **Causation in Crime:** Remoteness and Proximity Test.
- **Principles of Criminal Liability:** Strict and Absolute Liability; Subjective and Objective Liability (Holmes' Theory).
- **Constitutional Safeguards in Criminal Law :** Presumption of Innocence and Proof Beyond Reasonable Doubt.
- **General Exceptions and Defences:** Justifiable and Excusable Offences.
- **Abetment and Participation in Crime:** Liability for Abetment.

Recommended Books:

1. K.N.C. Pillai, Ranjith Thomas & Devi Lagani: General Principles of Criminal Law, Publication: Eastern Book Company
2. O.P. Srivastava: Principles of Criminal Law, Publication: Eastern Book Company
3. K.D. Gaur: Criminal Law-Cases and Materials, Publication: Lexis Nexis
4. R.C. Nigam: Law of Crimes in India (Vol. I), Publication: Central Law Publications
5. Vageshwari Deswal & Saurabh Kansal: Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023-Law and Practice, Publication: Eastern Book Company
6. Ratan Lal & Dhiraj Lal (Rev. by K.T. Thomas & M.A. Rashid): The Indian Penal Code, Publication: LexisNexis
7. P.S.A. Pillai (Revised by K.I. Vibhuti): Criminal Law, Publication: LexisNexis

Note: - Students must prefer latest edition of above mentioned books. The above list of books is not an exhaustive one.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After completing this course, the students will be able to:

1. Demonstrate a thorough understanding of criminal law principles and doctrines.
2. Analyze elements of crime and stages of criminal liability.
3. Apply different tests of criminality and causation in legal analysis.
4. Evaluate constitutional safeguards in criminal justice administration.
5. Distinguish between various forms of liability and criminal responsibility. Examine defences and exceptions under criminal law.

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SYLLABUS

First Semester

Optional Group 2: Criminal Law

Paper 2: Criminal Justice Administration

Paper Code: LMO-EL-107

Course objectives:

1. To provide a comprehensive understanding of the structure and functioning of the criminal justice system in India.
2. To examine the roles, powers, and responsibilities of key institutions including police, courts, prosecution, and prisons.
3. To analyze the rights of the accused and challenges in ensuring fair investigation and trial.
4. To evaluate sentencing policies, alternatives to punishment, and the concept of rehabilitation.
5. To study the administration of justice in the context of welfare state and human rights.

Course Outline:

- **Criminal Justice System in India:** Historical Evolution of Administration of Criminal Justice.
- **Police System:** Police-Public Relations; Policing Roles and Functions; Powers.
- **Rights of Accused & Human Rights Enforcement:** Protection and Rights of Accused; Issues and Challenges; Access to Justice, Fair Treatment and Assistance.
- **Courts, Prosecution & Defence:** Powers, Functions and Composition.
- **Sentencing & Prison Administration:** Sentencing; Prison System in India.
- **Punishment, Alternatives & Rehabilitation:** Punishment; Alternatives to Punishment; Rehabilitation of Prisoners.
- **Welfare State & Juvenile Justice:** Criminal Law in Welfare State; Juvenile Delinquency Theories; Juvenile Justice Process; Juvenile Justice Act, 2015.
- **Bhartiya Sakshya Adhiniyam & Criminal Justice Administration:** Relevancy and Admissibility; Confession and Dying Declaration; Witness Protection and Hostile Witness; Examination; Forensic and Modern Evidence.

Recommended Books:

1. Ahmad Siddique: Criminology, Penology and Victimology, Publication: Eastern Book Company
2. K.D. Gaur: Criminal Law, Criminology and Administration of Criminal Justice, Publication: Lexis Nexis
3. Ratan Lal & Dhiraj Lal: The Indian Penal Code, Publication: LexisNexis
4. P.D. Sharma: Police and Criminal Justice System in India, Publication: Regal Publications
5. Dr. Samrat Dutta: Criminal Justice Administration in Colonial India, Publication: Satyam Books Pvt. Ltd.
6. Dr. Sheetal Kanwal: Penology Treatment of Offenders, Publication: Allahabad Law Agency
7. William C. Heffernan: Dimensions of Justice-Ethical Issues in the Administration of Criminal Law, Publication: Oxford University Press
8. Upendra Baxi: Human Rights in the Administration of Criminal Justice-The Concept of Fair Trial, Publication: Oxford University Press

Note: - Students must prefer latest edition of above mentioned books. The above list of books is not an exhaustive one.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After completing this course, the students will be able to:

1. Demonstrate an in-depth understanding of the criminal justice system and its institutional framework.
2. Analyze the powers and functions of police, courts, and correctional institutions.
3. Evaluate the rights of accused persons and safeguards in criminal procedure.
4. Critically assess sentencing policies and alternative approaches such as rehabilitation and reformatory justice.
5. Examine the role of criminal law in a welfare state and its impact on human rights.
6. Understand and apply principles of juvenile justice and child protection laws. Interpret rules of evidence, including admissibility and relevancy in criminal trials.

TRC LAW COLLEGE**SYLLABUS****Optional Group 2: Criminal Law****Paper 3: Criminology, Penology & Victimology****Paper Code: LMO-EL-108****Course objectives:**

1. To understand the definition scope and importance of criminology, penology and victimology.
2. To analyze the causes and consequences of crime
3. To apply criminological theories and concepts to practical problems and case studies
4. To critically evaluate the effectiveness of crime prevention, control strategies and crime causation theories
5. To provide a comprehensive understanding of the various theories of punishment, the legal and ethical dimensions of capital punishment

Course Outline:

- **Criminology:** Meaning, Nature, Scope & Relation with Criminal Law.
- **Crime, Criminalisation & Society:** Basis of Criminalisation; Crime and Society; Crime and Morality.
- **Schools and Theories of Criminology :** Schools of Criminology; Peacemaking, Postmodern and Feminist Criminology.
- **Crime in Contemporary Context :** Globalization and Crime.
- **Penology: Meaning, Nature and Punishment:** Concept and Forms of Punishment; Evolution from Ancient to Modern Age; Theories.
- **Treatment of Offenders:** Concept of Treatment; Prison, Probation and Parole.
- **Victimology Evolution and Approaches:** Growth of Victimology; Radical Victimology and Critical Victimology.
- **Victims' Rights and Justice Mechanisms:** Compensation to Victims in Indian Perspective; Victim Participation and Access to Justice.

Recommended Books:

1. N.V. Paranjape: Criminology & Penology Including Victimology, Publication: Central Law Publications
2. Catherine S. Williams: Text Book on Criminology, Publication: Prentice Hall / McGraw-Hill
3. J.M. Sethna: Society and the Criminal, Publication: Central Law Agency
4. Edwin H. Sutherland & Donald R. Cressey: Principles of Criminology, Publication: Lippincott / Rowman & Littlefield
5. Edwin H. Sutherland: White Collar Crime, Publication: Yale University Press
6. W.C. Reckless: The Prevention of Juvenile Delinquency, Publication: Prentice Hall
7. S. Rao: Crime in Our Society, Publication: Allied Publishers / Vikas Publishing
8. Law Commission of India: 42nd Report, Publication: Government of India (Ministry of Law & Justice)
9. Duncan Blay: Criminal Law, Publication: Cavendish Publishing / Routledge

Note: - Students must prefer latest edition of above mentioned books. The above list of books is not an exhaustive one.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After completing this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the definition, scope, and purpose of criminology and victimology, including their relationship to other areas of study such as sociology, psychology, and law.
2. Familiar with the various theories of crime causation, including biological, psychological, sociological, and economic factors, and will understand the consequences of crime for individuals, communities, and society as a whole.
3. Understand the different types of crime, including white-collar crime, and juvenile crime, and will be able to analyze their characteristics and patterns.
4. Understand the importance of victims in the criminal justice system, including their rights and needs, and will be able to analyze the impact of crime on victims and their families.
5. Develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills through the analysis of complex criminological and penological issues and the application of theoretical knowledge to practical problems.
6. Recognize the importance of criminology in modern society, including their role in promoting community safety, reducing crime. Critically evaluate the philosophical and practical implications of criminology theory

TRC LAW COLLEGE

SYLLABUS

Second Semester

Course Title: Socio-Economic Offences and Regulatory Enforcement

Paper Code: LMO-CP-201

Course objectives:

1. To provide an in-depth understanding of the law relating to socio-economic offences and the basic concepts necessary for analyzing them.
2. To enable students to differentiate between conventional and non-conventional/white-collar offences, particularly looking at the exclusion of mens rea (criminal intent).
3. To explore specialized legislations (e.g., Essential Commodities Act, Food Safety Standards Act) designed to regulate economic behavior.
4. To study the root causes, criminal intent, and the impact of these offenses on national growth.
5. To evaluate specialized investigative methods, sentencing policies (e.g., minimum mandatory punishment), and reformatory measures.

Course Outline:

- **Socio-Economic Offences:** Concept, Definition, Nature, Scope & Development,.
- **Socio-Economic Offences and Conventional Crimes-Comparative Study:** Differences; Impact on Society and Economy.
- **Corruption and Legal Framework:** Definition and Forms of Corruption; Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988.
- **White Collar Crimes:** Definition and Nature; Major Types; Judicial Approaches; Regulatory Framework.
- **Economic Offences Laws and Black Money:** Black Money (Undisclosed Foreign Income and Assets) and Imposition of Tax Act, 2015; Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002
- **Consumer Protection and Social Offences:** Food Adulteration, Hoarding, Black Marketing; Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006; Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961.
- **Other Economic Offences and Corporate Crimes:** COFEPOSA, 1974; Corporate Crimes; Corporate Criminal Liability.

Recommended Books:

1. Keerty Dabas: Singhal's Socio-Economic Offences, Publication: LexisNexis
2. K.D. Gaur: Textbook on Socio-Economic Offences, Publication: LexisNexis
3. Dr. Rattan Singh: Socio-Economic Offences, Publication: Central Law Publications
4. Dr. Anil Samota: Economic Offences-A Legal and Investigative Insight, Publication: Thomson Reuters / Universal Law Publishing
5. Nuzhat Parveen Khan: Law Relating to Socio-Economic Offences, Publication: Allahabad Law Agency
6. Dr. Ashok Kumar Jain: Socio-Economic Offences, Publication: Bharat Law House

Note: - Students must prefer latest edition of above mentioned books. The above list of books is not an exhaustive one.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After completing this course, the students will be able to:

1. Identify, classify, and critically analyse various forms of socio-economic offences, including black marketing, tax evasion, hoarding, and food adulteration.
2. Interpret and apply legal provisions relating to corruption, including the recommendations of the Santhanam Committee, along with other relevant special legislations, to contemporary legal issues.
3. Critically evaluate existing regulatory frameworks governing socio-economic crimes, identify legal and procedural loopholes, and propose suitable reforms.
4. Examine and explain the evolving nature of criminal law, particularly the shift from traditional fault-based liability to strict liability in the context of economic offences.
5. Assess and analyse the effectiveness of judicial approaches in dealing with socio-economic crimes, including the imposition of fines, mandatory imprisonment, and confiscation of property.

TRC LAW COLLEGE

SYLLABUS

Second Semester

Course Title: Administrative Law

Paper Code: LMO-CP-202

Course objectives:

1. To understand the role and function of administrative agencies in the modern state.
2. To analyze the legal framework governing administrative agencies, including the APA.
3. To identify the key issues and challenges in administrative law, including judicial review, due process, and the separation of powers.
4. To apply administrative law principles to real-world scenarios and case studies.
5. To develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills in the context of administrative law.

Course Outline:

- **Administrative Law:** Definition, Meaning, Nature and Scope. Reasons for Growth of Administrative Law.
- **Rule of Law and Separation of Powers:** Concept and Origin, Role of Judiciary; Separation of Powers in UK, USA and India.
- **Delegated Legislation & Control of Delegated Legislation:** Parliamentary, Procedural and Judicial Control; Conditional legislation and Retrospective Rule Making.
- **Judicial Review of Administrative Action:** Meaning, Nature and Scope; Limits and Grounds; Abuse of Discretion.
- **Doctrines and Principles of Administrative Law:** Promissory Estoppel; Legitimate Expectation; Principles of Natural Justice; Rule against Bias; Reasoned Decisions.
- **Public Interest Litigation and Writ Jurisdiction:** PIL; Writs, Practice and Grounds, Concept of Constitutional Commitment.
- **Redressal Mechanism:** Lokpal and Lokayuktas Act, 2013, Role of Central Vigilance Commission (CVC).
- **Administrative Tribunals :** Composition, Functions, Powers and Jurisdiction.

Recommended Books:

1. Dr. J.J.R. Upadhyaya: Administrative Law, Publication: Central Law Agency
2. S.P. Sathe: Administrative Law, Publication: LexisNexis / Butterworths
3. M.P. Jain: Principles of Administrative Law, Publication: LexisNexis
4. J.P. Massey: Administrative Law, Publication: Eastern Book Company
5. H.W.R. Wade & C.F. Forsyth: Administrative Law, Publication: Oxford University Press
6. Dr. U.P.D. Kesari: Administrative Law, Publication: Central Law Publications / Eastern Book Company
7. C.K. Takwani: Lectures on Administrative Law, Publication: Eastern Book Company
8. K.C. Joshi: An Introduction to Administrative Law, Publication: Eastern Book Company
9. S.N. Jain: Administrative Tribunals in India, Publication: Universal Law Publishing / LexisNexis

Note: - Students must prefer latest edition of above mentioned books. The above list of books is not an exhaustive one.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After completing this course, the students will be able to:

1. Recognize and trace the evolution of the concept of Administrative law and Principles of Natural Justice.
2. Understand the role of Judiciary Executive in the growth Administrative-law as a new bench of law.
3. Evaluate the power of three organs of the government, Executive, Legislative, Judiciary.
4. Study the concept of Delegated legislative as a necessary tool for smooth functioning of Government.